Nom: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: le \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Les articles définis et indéfinis – Page 26 - 27**

**A / AN – Indefinite Articles**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **MASCULIN** | **FEMININ** |
| UN | UNE |
| une école | un collège  |

\*Note : When the **n** of the indefinite article is pronounced when the following noun begins with a vowel.

**Ex :** un ami / un élève

**THE – Definite Articles**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **MASCULIN** | **FEMININ** |
| LE | LA |
| le frère | la sœur  |
| L’ami | L’amie  |

**« Elision »**

When there is a noun that begins with a vowel, the **le** or **la** becomes **l’**

**Ex :** la amie 🡪 l’amie le ami 🡪 l’ami

**Practiquez…**

Pg. 27 #13

Pg. 27 #14

**NE…PAS**

To say the opposite, that someone is not something, you put a **ne** and **pas** around the verb. We have been doing the verb **etre – to be**, so we have been using Je **suis** / Tu **es** / Il **est** / Elle **est**.

**Practiquez…** Rewrite the previous paragraph for #14 below making everything say the opposite !

Pg. 27 #14 NE…PAS